

STATE REPUBLICAN.

JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year.

Thursday, May 23, 1895.

J. C. FISHER, Editor.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, 1 month.....\$1.00
One-quarter column, 1 month.....3.00
One-half column, 1 month.....6.00
One column, 1 month.....9.00
One-quarter page, 1 month.....17.00
One-half page, 1 month.....32.00
Discounts on yearly contracts.
Locals, 5 cents per line each insertion.

Somehow South Carolina always did have trouble in keeping her laws on a parity with the Federal courts.

The bridge celebration on Wednesday last was enough to make Quigley wriggle.

Commerce abroad is a beautiful thing to dream about, but an increase in commerce at home is the first duty of a statesman.

Ambassador Bayard's time is so fully taken up with praise of the English that he never has time to put in a good word for America.

A Chicago church is to have the heaviest chime of bells ever cast in America. They were cast in Baltimore the other day.

Mr. Cleveland ought to be made to give \$500 to any helpless baby handicapped for life's race with his name.

Don Dickinson's views on our proper foreign policy are not on a parity with those held by Secretary Gresham and Mr. Cleveland.

The smaller the state the more trouble it has in connection with the election of its senators, it seems. Some people will regard it as merely a demonstration of cause and effect.

Hoke Smith invested that \$10,000 railroad fee in a fast press for his Atlanta paper, which the administration depends upon to keep Georgia out of the silver column.

If the administration intends to issue more bonds it would better do it before Congress meets. The Republican majority will tolerate no such business afterwards.

Grover Cleveland to W. J. Stone, greeting: I sympathize with you, my boy. I know how you feel. I made several attempts to make Congress pass bills.

Ex-Secretary Fairchild seems to imagine that he occupies a commanding position in New York politics, while others see him for the third rate figure head he really is.

When Congressman Catelings, of Miss., declared that "Grover Cleveland is the greatest man in America" he overlooked thousands who outweigh Mr. Cleveland, whose weight is his only claim to greatness.

According to the cable news Japan is satisfied with the amended treaty of peace with China. With Russia, France and Germany threatening her she had to be satisfied, or to appear to be.

If the Tennessee Democrats can afford to endorse the theft of the governorship the Republicans can stand it. It ought to result in putting the state into the Republican column to stay.

The World's fair medal-winners have been informed by the Treasury department that they may get their medals about next August. That's about as near up-to-date as the administration is on anything.

The present prospects point to an early adjournment of the legislature. We regret to see this very much. Jefferson City is a pleasant place and we would like to see the members of the assembly remain with us at least until July 1.

It is a little earlier in the season for U. S. naval vessels to be used as adjuncts to society functions, but the Georgia season opens early; hence the order of Secretary Herbert that the Cruisers Atlanta and Raleigh spend four days at Savannah, while the flower show was on.

The special session of the legislature has not resulted in building the Democratic party. The governor, of course, had no reason to expect that the lobby was more powerful than the metropolitan press, but it seems that they have got the governor down. He threatens to go before the people and there is no telling what the result will be. Considerable anti-railroad seed has been sown.



GOV. WM. J. STONE.



MAYOR EDWIN SILVER.



J. A. L. Waddell.



A. J. TULLOCK, CONTRACTOR.

GROUND BROKEN!

Work on the Great Bridge Commenced.

A Great Celebration Took Place to Witness the Breaking of Ground.

Addresses Delivered by the Mayor, Governor and Maj. Bittinger.

THE PROGRAM.

Wednesday last will long be remembered by the inhabitants of Jefferson City. It was a memorable occasion. Some days prior the soliciting committee had made a report that over \$100,000 had been subscribed to the bridge. The board of directors of the Jefferson City Bridge and Transit Company at once called the contractor and engineer of the company and entered into final contract for the construction of the same. When this fact was announced to the people the citizens were determined to celebrate this important event in becoming style. A meeting of the Commercial Club was called and appropriate committees appointed for the purpose of taking charge of the celebration. These committees at once entered upon their duties. The following program, which was carried out, was reported and adopted. Maj. Lusk was elected grand marshal.

Division No. 1 of the parade will form on High street, between Madison and Monroe, with the right resting on Monroe, in the following order:

First—Mounted police.

Second—Jefferson City Cornet Band.

Third—Grand Marshal Lusk and aides.

Fourth—Carriage containing Gov. Stone, Mayor Silver, and Maj. John L. Bittinger.

Fifth—Carriage containing Hon. Fred H. Binder, president of the Jefferson City Bridge and Transit Co., Engineer J. A. L. Waddell, A. J. Tullock and Dr. J. P. Porth, Secretary of the Jefferson City Bridge and Transit Co.

Sixth—Carriages containing representatives of the metropolitan press.

Seventh—Carriages containing state officers, judges of the supreme court, senators and representatives, and officers and clerks of the general assembly.

Eighth—Carriages containing citizens generally.

Division No. 2.

Headed by the Jefferson City Drum corps.

First—James A. Garfield post, No. 6, G. A. R.

Second—Capital City lodge, No. 110, K. of P.

Third—Capital lodge, No. 67, A. O. U. W.

Fourth—Lodge No. 36, I. O. O. F.

Fifth—Jefferson City camp, K. O. T. M.

Sixth—Jefferson City lodge, No. 42, A. F. and A. M.

Seventh—Prince of Peace commandery, No. 29.

Eighth—Modern Woodmen of America.

Ninth—Catholic societies.

Tenth—Cole division, No. 131, K. of P.

Eleventh—The Capital City Cycling club, the Jefferson City Base Ball club and the Jefferson City Sangerbund.

Division No. 3.

First—City and county officers.

Second—Teachers and pupils of the public schools.

Third—Teachers and pupils of the Catholic schools.

Fourth—Teachers and pupils of the Lutheran schools.

Division No. 4.

Aide Prof. Inman E. Page, who will appoint such assistants as he may desire.

First—Students of Lincoln institute and colored citizens generally.

Division No. 5.

First—Officers and employees of the penitentiary.

Second—Members of the Commercial club.

Aides.

Grand Marshal Lusk has appointed aides as follows:

For the First Division—Secretary of State Lesieur, A. P. Grimshaw, Hugo Monnig and Henry F. Priesmeyer.

For the Second Division—Capt. C. W. Thomas, Junr., F. Heinrichs, Lefe Bacon and W. R. Foster.

For the Third Division—L. D. Gordon, F. W. Roer, Herman Schulte, and John A. Linhardt.

For the Fifth Division—W. F. Roosen, Walter Bolton, Henry R. W. Wagner and Henry Schmidt.

The Sons of Veterans will take the right of the column, acting as a military escort for the parade.

WHERE THE DIVISIONS WILL FORM.

Capt. C. W. Thomas, with his aides, division No. 2 on High street, in the rear of division No. 1, which will form on High, between Madison and Monroe, with right resting on Monroe.

L. D. Gordon, with his aides, will form division No. 3 on Monroe street, south of High, with right resting on High.

Prof. Page, with his aides, will form division No. 4 on Monroe street, north of High, with right resting on High.

W. F. Roosen, with his aides, will form division No. 5 on the south side of High street, between Madison and Monroe, with the right resting on Monroe.

THE LINE OF MARCH.

The line of march will be as follows:

East on High street to Adams, north on Adams to Main, west on Main to Madison, south on Madison to High, west on High to Washington, north on Washington to Stewart, west on Stewart to Broadway, north on Broadway to Main and west on Main to Bolivar, where ranks will be broken to attend the ceremonies.

AT NIGHT.

There will be exhibitions drill and pyrotechnic display, by the Flambeau and Drill clubs. Part of this exhibition took place on the streets and the rest in the capitol grounds in connection with the open air concert given by the Jefferson City Cornet band.

It is intimated that President Harrison is inclined to favor free coinage of silver. If this be true, the other candidate might as well get out of the way, if the silver sentiment continues to grow.

HISTORY OF THE BRIDGE.

The Following Historical Sketch is Taken From the Tribune of This City.

By an examination of an old map of the city of Jefferson, made about the year 1873, by Charles V. Buck, who was at that time City Engineer, it will be seen that in these early days the people of Jefferson City were discussing the possibility of the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river on Bolivar street. The map shows the site and has the tracing of a bridge across the river. At that time such a structure as is now about to be built and under contract would have cost at the very lowest estimate \$800,000. Since that time several efforts have been made to induce the Chicago & Alton railroad company to construct a bridge, but without effect. The matter rested in that condition until the tenth day of April, 1895.

On the evening of that day at a large gathering of citizens—about one hundred—who had met for the purpose of electing officers of the Commercial club that had been recently organized, J. C. Fisher, of this city made a speech calling attention to the great advantages that would accrue to this city by the construction of an electric road and wagon bridge across the river, stating at the time that the cost would probably be \$300,000. This address was heartily applauded and from that time to the people of this city have been talking bridge. Shortly after the meeting above referred to, a proposition was submitted by an Eastern company to construct a bridge at this place for a bonus of \$50,000. Mayor Grimshaw appointed a soliciting committee consisting of fifteen of the most prominent citizens to ascertain whether this money could be raised. That committee consisted of the following persons: J. C. Fisher, chairman; F. H. Binder, Henry J. Dulle, Phillip Ott, A. Brandtberger, Henry W. Ewing, R. Dallmeyer, Hugo Monnig, J. W. Henry, Ben Veith, L. D. Gordon, W. F. Roosen, W. W. Wagner, and Dr. J. P. Porth. This committee immediately commenced the work of soliciting subscriptions and by the 20th of June had secured \$48,000. Up to this time no character had been secured from congress authorizing the construction of a bridge and for that reason it was impossible to accept any proposition from an outside company to build the bridge at that time. After this bonus had been secured, a meeting of the Commercial club was called for the

purpose of determining the best policy to be pursued under the circumstances. It was decided at that meeting that a company with a capital stock of \$2,000 be organized for the purpose of making soundings of the river and plans of a high bridge that the people might know just what the cost of such a structure would be. A committee of three was appointed to visit every member of the club for the purpose of securing stock subscriptions to the amount of \$2,000 for the purposes indicated. When this stock was subscribed the company was organized and a charter secured from the secretary of state. Mr. J. A. L. Waddell, an eminent bridge engineer, who was especially familiar with bridge building on the Missouri river, was invited to come before the board and was employed to make the soundings of the river and plans for a high bridge. Mr. Waddell was assisted in making the borings by Mr. Alexander H. Webber of this city.

After the soundings were made and the plans for a high and low bridge and a report made to the company as to the cost of such structure, it was at once decided that congress be asked for a charter authorizing the construction of either a high or low bridge. This charter was drawn up in February, 1894, and sent to Senator Vest and congressman Bland. Owing to the opposition of the Missouri river commission against the granting of low bridge charters, the company failed to secure such, but were granted the privilege of building a high bridge.

The engineer of the company, Mr. J. A. L. Waddell, having made plans for a high and low bridge, was sent to New York, Chicago and other eastern cities for the purpose of securing the very best possible bid that could be secured for the construction of a high bridge. The four bids as made by these competitors, were presented to the board of directors of the Jefferson City Bridge & Transit Company, consisting of: F. H. Binder, H. W. Ewing, Henry J. Dulle, J. W. Henry, J. C. Fisher, H. F. Priesmeyer, J. P. Porth, Hugo Monnig, R. Dallmeyer, W. W. Wagner and A. P. Grimshaw. The proposition of Mr. A. J. Tullock, proprietor of the Missouri Valley Bridge & Iron Works, was found to be the best and most accented upon the condition that final contract should be awarded and the money be raised.

After this charter was secured the company located the bridge on Madison street a natural site for a high bridge, but upon a careful investigation

it was found that the cost of the high bridge was \$300,000 more than the low bridge and the annual expense of keeping up \$50,000 more, and the company soon became convinced that it was impossible to build such a bridge. The prospects for a bridge had become very gloomy and the company was about ready to throw up the sponge and surrender all hope of securing a bridge, as under the charter they had no authority to construct a low bridge, and the funds for the high bridge could not be secured in view of the fact that the income would not justify the expenditure of the amount necessary to build it, and the cost of maintaining it. With the outlook gloomy, and every prospect of securing a low bridge charter very dismal and uncertain, J. C. Fisher concluded that he would make a trip to Washington and make the last final effort and struggle for a low bridge charter. He left the city on the 10th day of December for Washington, with documents, plans of bridge and other letters, directed to the Hon. Daniel Lamont, secretary of War, and succeeded in securing consent for a low bridge.

On the nineteenth day of December, Senator Vest secured the consent of the committee on commerce for the favorable report of an amendment to the charter authorizing the construction of a low bridge at Jefferson City and made his report to the senate and secured the passage of the amendment. Before Christmas Congressman Bland had put the measure through the house and on the fifth day of January, 1895, it received the signature of Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, upon the recommendation of General Casey then Chief Engineer of the War Department.

After the approval of this charter authorizing the construction of a draw bridge across the Missouri river at Jefferson City, the weather being so cold, it was practically impossible for anything to be accomplished in the way of soliciting stock subscriptions, but the company was making every effort to that end, when suddenly and without warning, the bridge company and Jefferson City were confronted with the capital removal scheme. For a few weeks, it looked very much as if it would be impossible to resurrect the bridge, but notwithstanding the effort of Sedalia to bear Jefferson City, the following gentlemen of the old soliciting committee concluded, that they would shoulder the labor of securing over \$100,000 in cash for the purpose of securing this bridge. These persons were: J. C. Fisher, L. D. Gordon, W. F. Roosen, and Dr. J. P. Porth. They commenced their labors about the 22nd of March and by the 15th day of May had secured over \$104,000. Before the committee resumed work, the bridge committee called their engineer and the contractor for a conference and secured a modified proposition to build

a draw bridge under the amended charter on Bolivar street. The cost of this bridge in round numbers is about \$200,000. After the modified proposition had been made the same was duly accepted by the company under an agreement that the contract must be finally closed before the first day of June. After the soliciting committee found that they were practically certain of raising the amount the engineer and contractor were called before the bridge company on Tuesday and Wednesday (May 14 and 15), and all plans and specifications and contract were submitted by the engineer, J. A. L. Waddell and thoroughly examined by the board of directors. Gen. H. Clay Ewing, Mayor Silver and Mr. J. R. Edwards were invited to assist the board in making final contract and on Wednesday evening at 10:30 p. m. May 15, the contract for a draw bridge on Bolivar street was duly entered into by and between the Jefferson City Bridge & Transit Co. through its Pres. F. H. Binder, attested by J. P. Porth, sec. and A. J. Tullock, proprietor of the Missouri Valley Bridge & Iron Works of Leavenworth, Kans. Under the contract, this bridge is to be completed on or before the first day of March, 1896. The following is a description of the bridge:

The bridge is located at the foot of Bolivar street, Jefferson City, Missouri and across the river angles to the current.

From the retaining wall in the street to high waters' edge, the structure will be a trestle about 140 feet long across the Missouri Pacific railway track with a clearance of 21 feet above base of rail. This trestle will consist of steel towers and cross girders with a wooden floor and wrought iron hand rail. The first span from the Jefferson City shore, will be a draw span of 440 feet between centers of end piers. Following which will be two clear spans of 350 feet each between centers of end piers; then a pile trestle of about 465 feet long and finally a protective earth embankment about 1300 feet long. The clear road way of the bridge is to be 20 feet making the

distance between center spans of trestle 22 feet; the clear head way will be something less than 15 feet. The hand rails are to be of wood strong and high and thoroughly braced so as to prevent accidents. At the bottom of each hand rail there is to be a wheel guard of timber to prevent vehicles from striking the hand rail or superstructure. The floor is to be of long leaf southern yellow pine.

The bridge is constructed for the carrying of motor and street cars, wagons etc. The present officers of the Jefferson City Bridge and Transit Company are: F. H. Binder, President; H. F. Priesmeyer, Vice President; J. P. Porth, secretary; J. W. Henry, Treasurer, and Miss Edith Rhodes assistant secretary. The authorized capital stock is \$200,000 and the amount subscribed \$104,250.

The program for the ceremonies which took place on Bolivar street is as follows:

First—Music.

Second—Prayer.

Third—Address by Mayor Edwin Silver.

Fourth—Breaking of ground by Fred H. Binder, Pres. of Bridge company.

Fifth—Address by Gov. William J. Stone.

Sixth—Address by Maj. John F. Bittinger.

Seventh—Music.

Under the following proclamation all business houses were closed on Wednesday:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the great work of spanning the Missouri river between Jefferson City and the opposite shore with a steel bridge structure will be inaugurated with appropriate ceremonies on Wednesday, May 22, at 2 o'clock p. m. and,

Whereas, the occasion will be one of general rejoicing and for pageants processions, displays and good cheer on the part of our people.

Now, therefore, I, Edwin Silver, mayor of the City of Jefferson, do ask and request that in honor of the occasion all business houses be closed on said day between the hours of 2 and 6 p. m., and our citizens so far as they may be able, attend and participate in the ceremonies above referred to.

Given under my hand this 20th day of May, 1895.

EDWIN SILVER, mayor.

The celebration of the breaking of the ground for the bridge was in every way a grand success. There were fully five thousand people in line and over eight thousand present at the ceremonies. Addresses were delivered by Hon. Edwin Silver, Mayor, Gov. William J. Stone and Hon. John L. Bittinger of St. Joseph, Mo. The ceremonies were opened with a prayer by Rev. Dr. Protsman. In the evening a magnificent display of fire-works and parade was successfully carried out by the Republican and Democratic Flambeau and Drill Corps.

Afterwards a concert was given by the band at the capitol grounds. The town was beautifully decorated along the entire line of march and the day was as beautiful as a May morning. The breaking of the ground was an auspicious occasion and the crowd could only be exceeded at the day when the bridge opening takes place about March 1, 1896.

The next governor of Missouri is pretty certain to be a Republican.

With a magnificent new steel bridge across the river at Jefferson City, she will be one of the most accessible towns in the state.

Gov. Stone signed the appropriation bill on Saturday last. The amount appropriated is \$50,000 to pay the members of the General Assembly and \$15,000 contingent expenses.

The appointment of Mr. Frank Henderson as a police to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of "Katy" will meet with general approval. Mr. Frank Henderson is highly respected, is a good man for the place and was promptly confirmed by the board. We believe he will make an excellent policeman.



FRED H. BINDER, PRES. BRIDGE CO.